

20-24 juin 2016

Surface functionalization for plasmonic biosensors

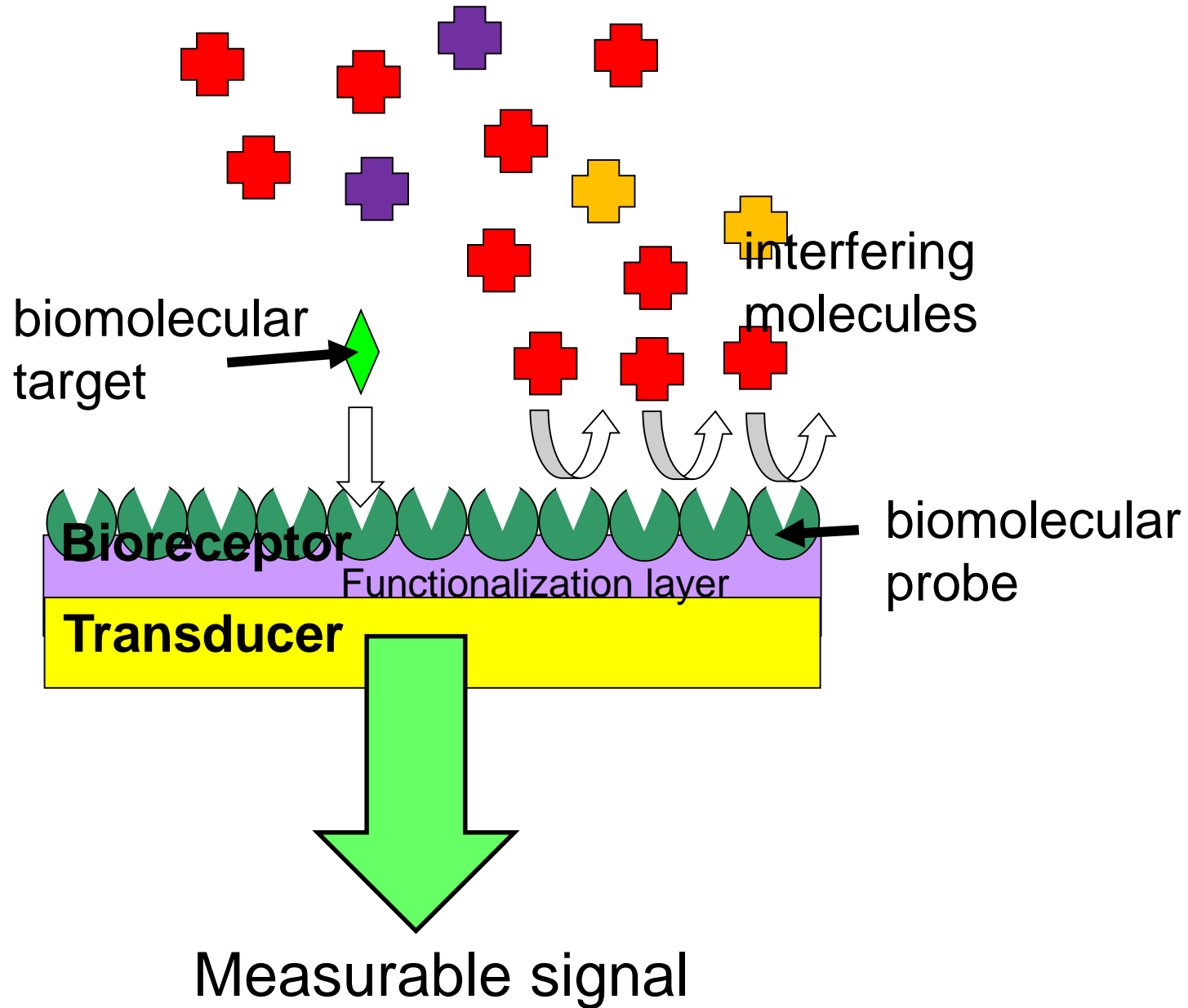
Jean-Pierre Cloarec

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Outline

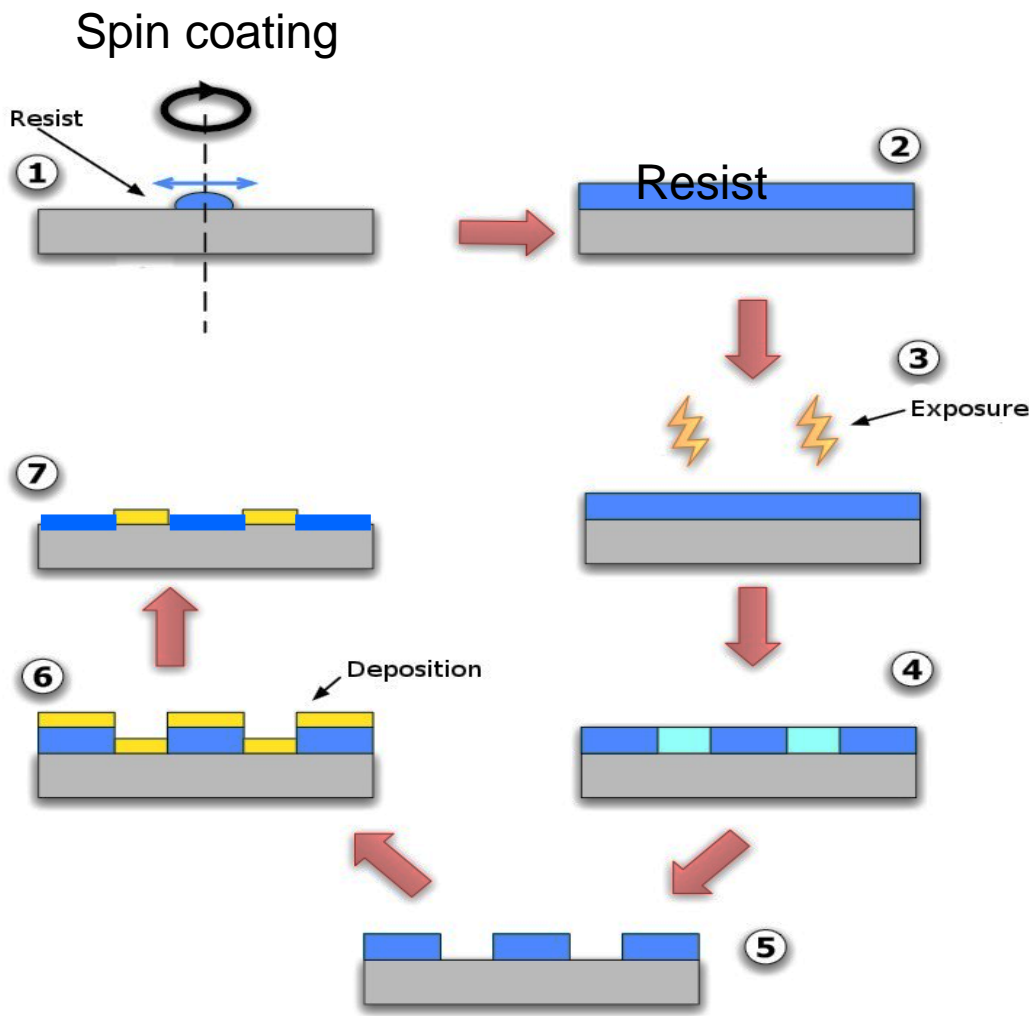
- From transduction to biosensing...
- How surface functionalization influences your biosensor measurements
- Classical gold functionalization
 - Homogeneous thiolate SAMs : how it can dysfunction. Gold cleaning, gold oxydation, metal defects, ...
 - Mixed SAMs
- Selective functionalization of multiple materials
- Conclusion

Principle of an affinity biosensor



Implementing patterned transducing zones

Example: lithography



- Resist residues ?
- Porosity of implemented layers ?
- Other contaminations ?

Image adapted from A. Duval, PhD Thesis, 2009

Of surfaces and humans

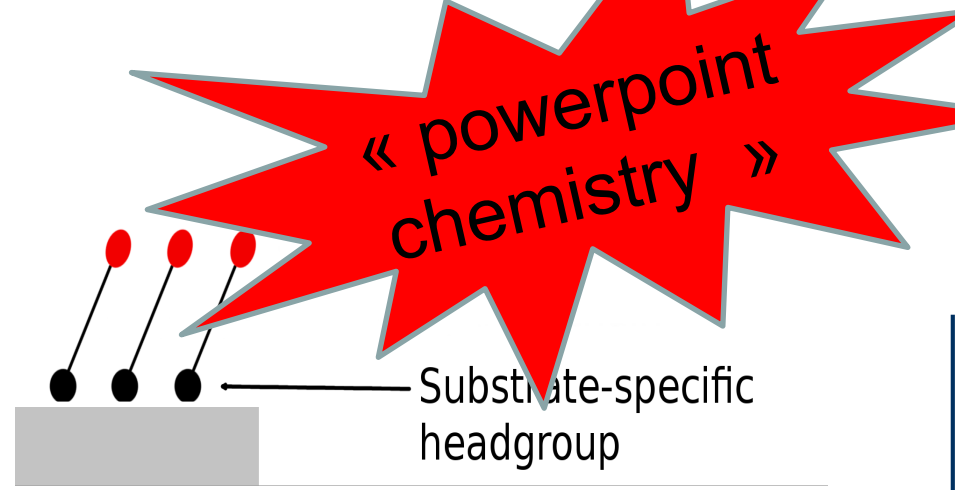
- « God made the bulk,
but surface was invented by the devil »
Wolfgang Pauli

Surface chemistry 101

A substrate-binding headgroup

Sulfhydryl (thiol) on gold : $-\text{SH}$

Silane on silica : $-\text{Si}(\text{X})_3$

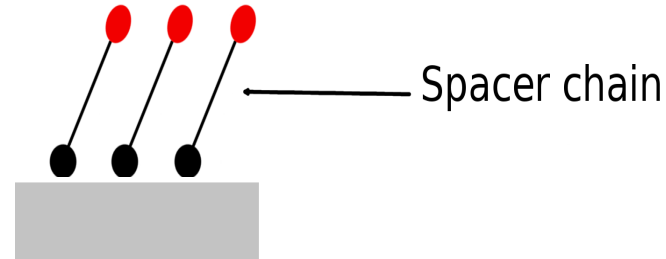


A spacer chain

Alkyl : $-(\text{CH}_2)_n-$

OEG : $-(\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{O})_n-$

Perfluorinated : $-(\text{CF}_2)_n-$



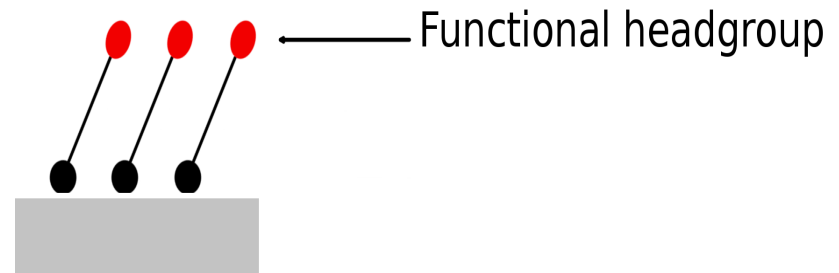
A functional headgroup

Target-binding on gold : -Biotin,

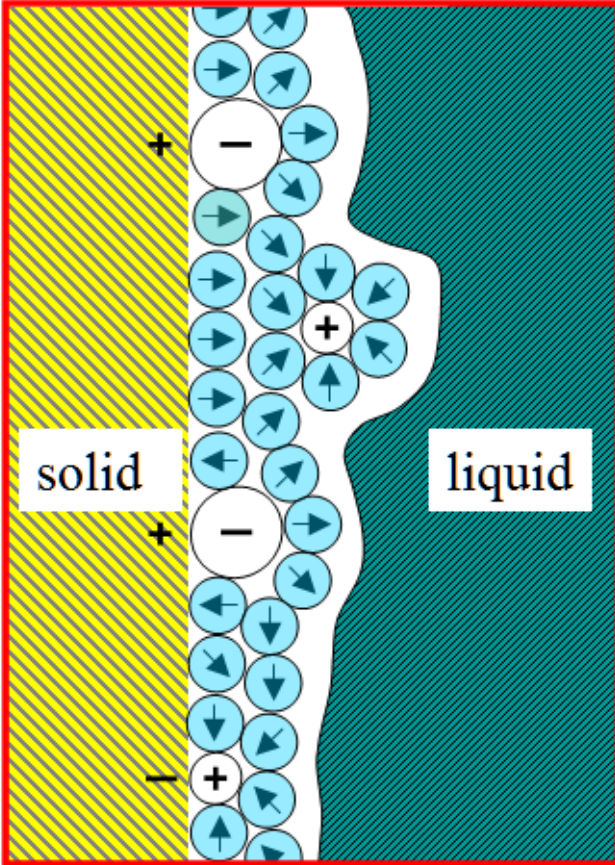
$-\text{COOH}/\text{NHS}$, $-\text{NH}_2$




Anti-fouling on silica : $-\text{OCH}_3$

$-\text{CF}_3$

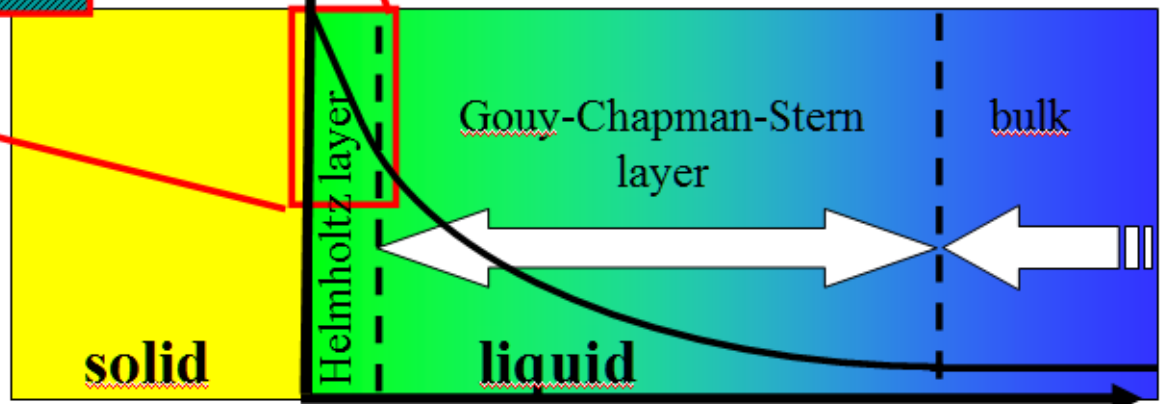


Electrical / ionic organization of solid/liquid interface



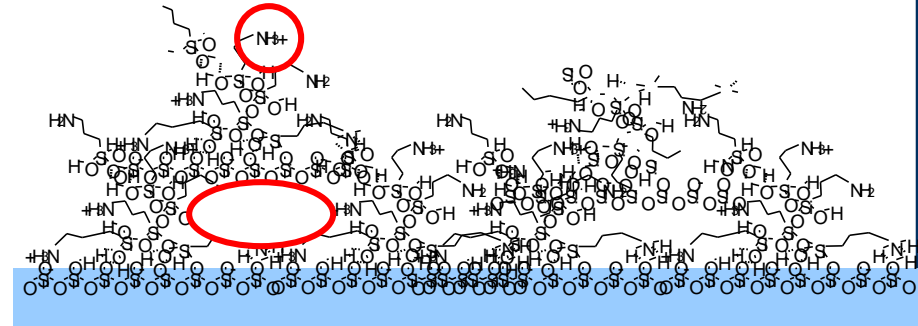
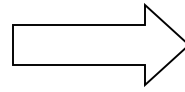
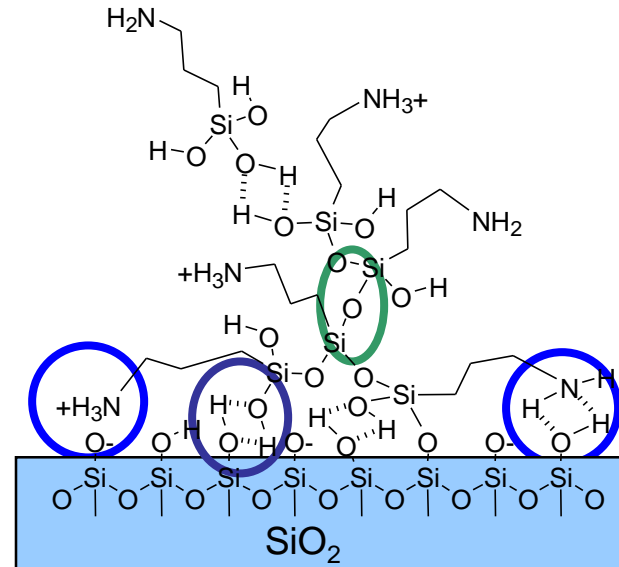
-  Water molecule (represented as a dipole)
-  Anion (typically Cl^-)
-  Cation (typically Na^+)
- + Electrical impurities or
- defects in solid

Salt concentration



local pH on the surface may be different from the pH in bulk !

The trouble with surface chemistry...



- Molecular flip-flaps
- Physisorption
- Bulk polymerisation
- Heterogeneity
- Entrapments
- Non specific adsorption

G. Whitesides

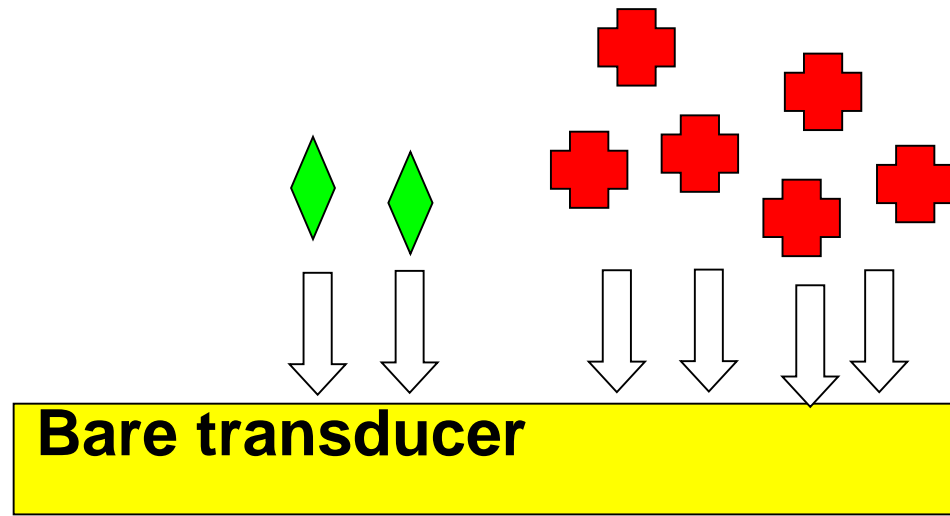
A. Ulmann

Outline

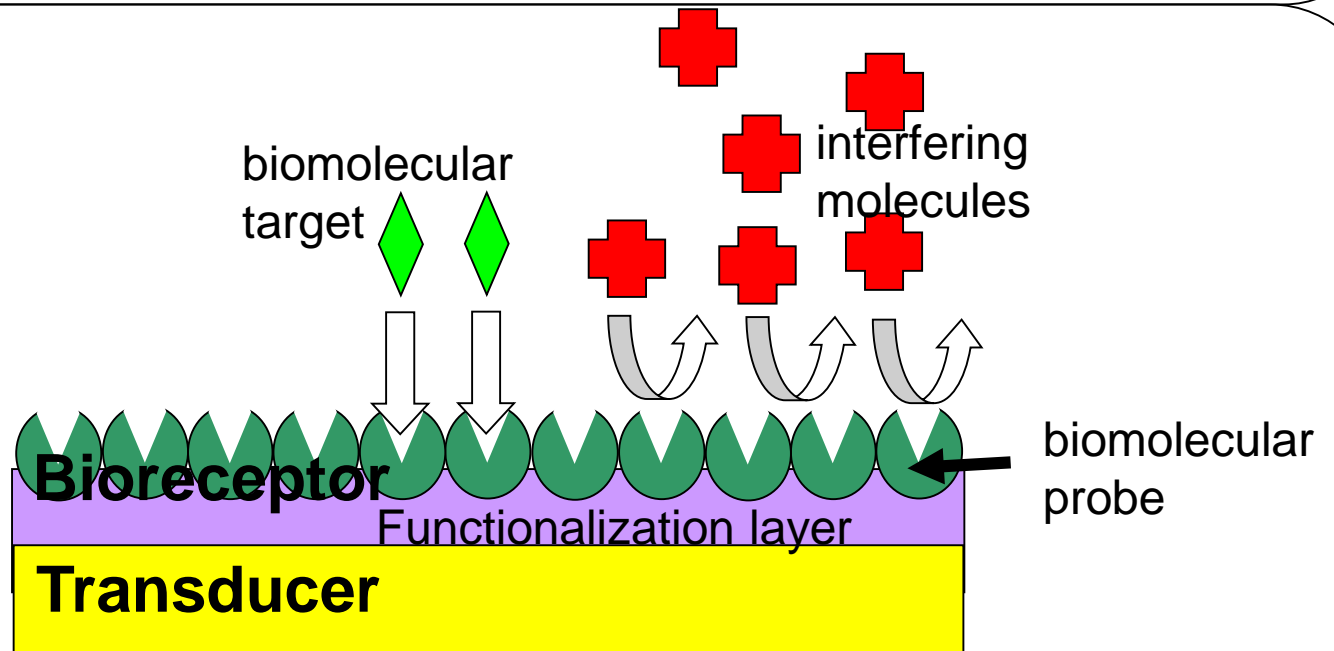
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Influence of functionalization on biosensing efficiency

Worst case

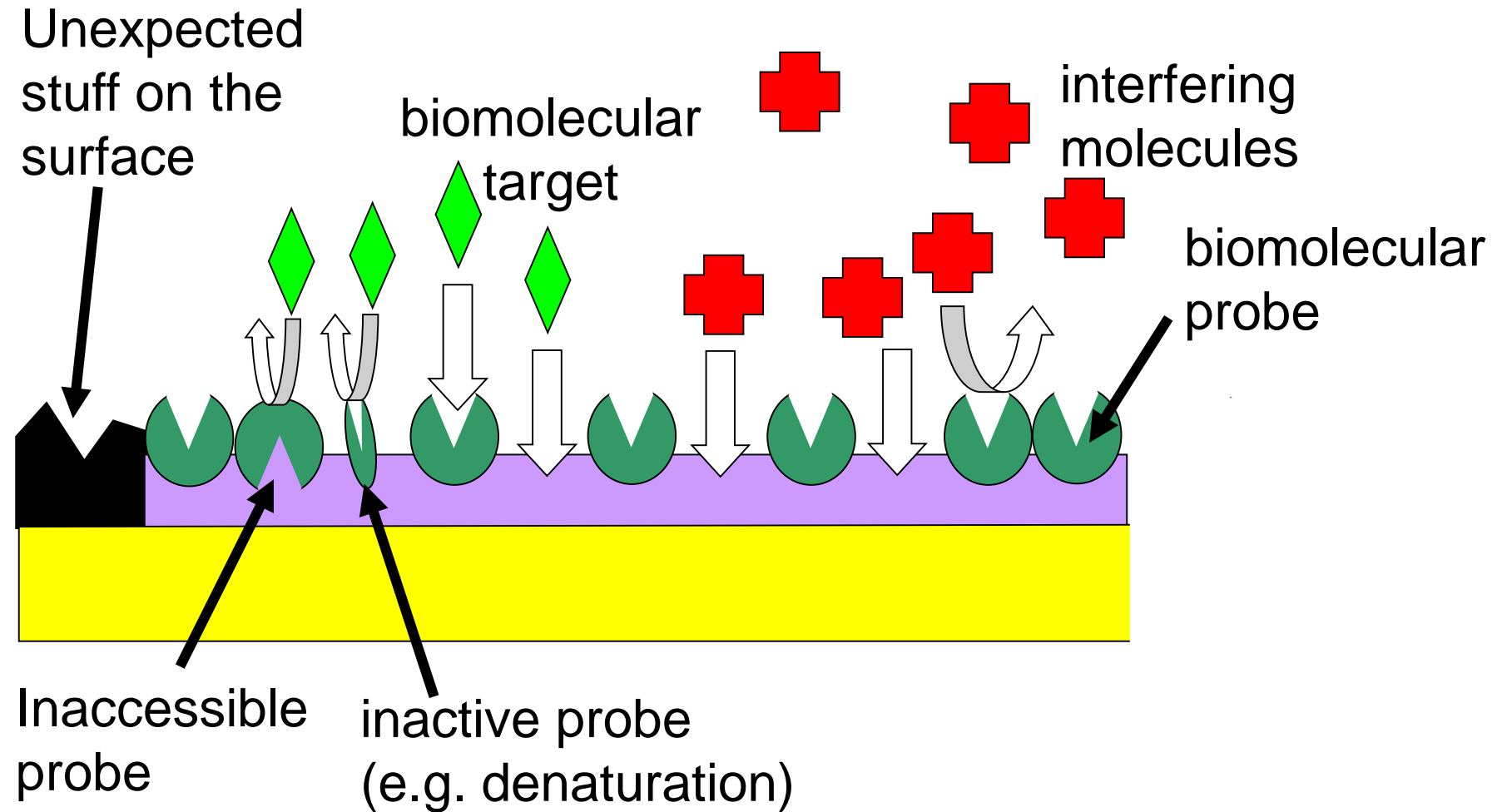


Best case



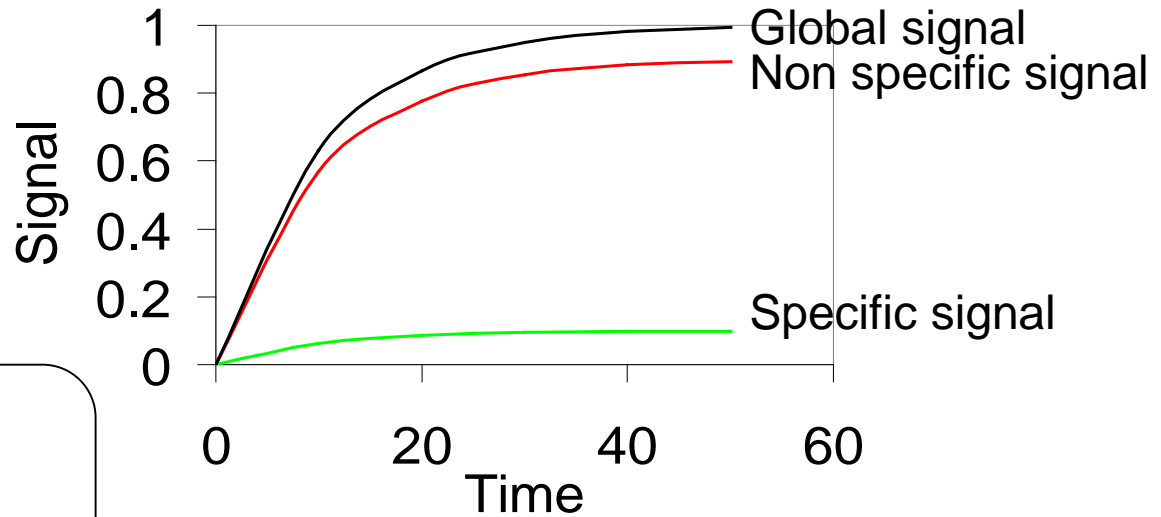
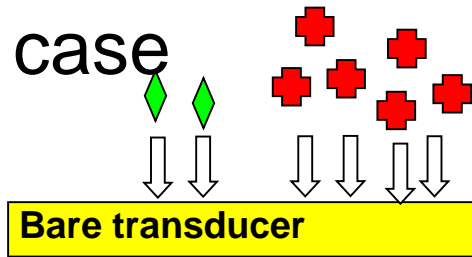
Influence of functionalisation on biosensing efficiency

realistic case



Influence of functionalisation on biosensing efficiency

Worst case



probe



target



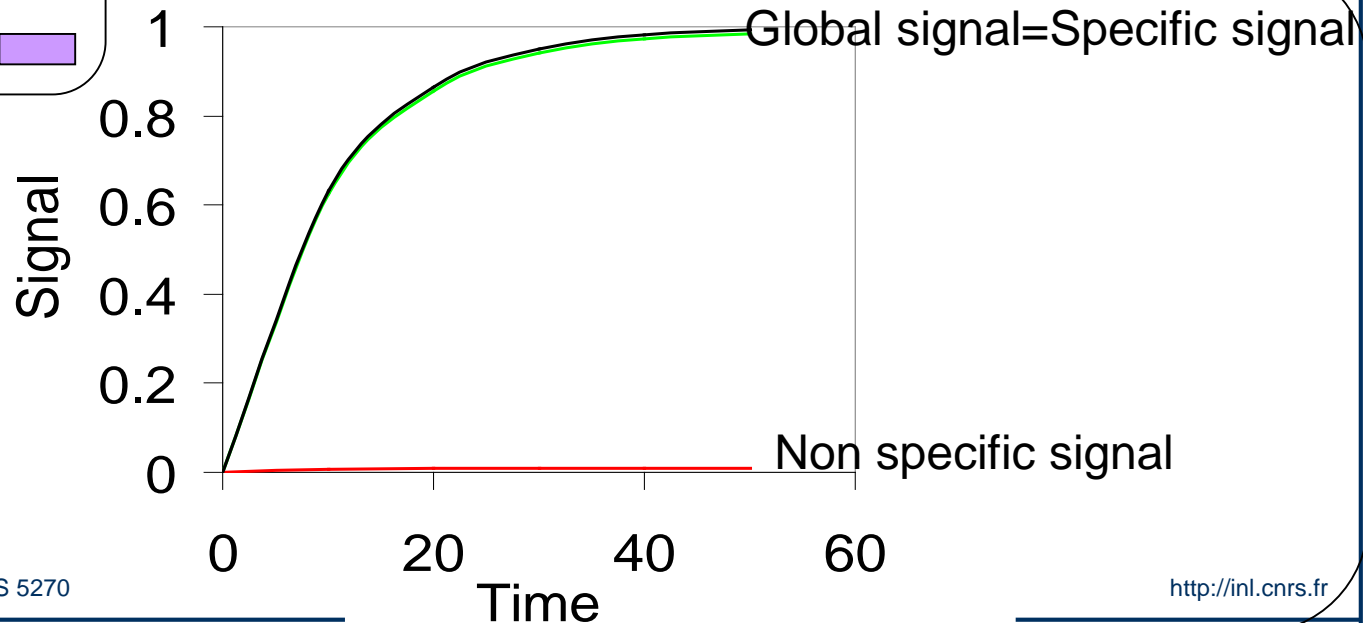
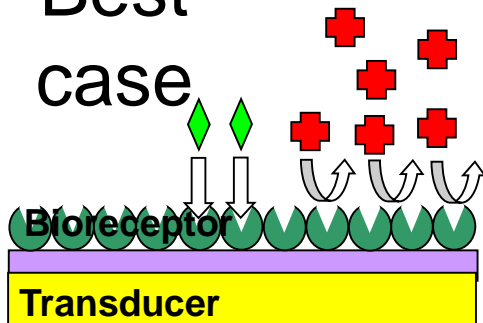
Interfering molecule



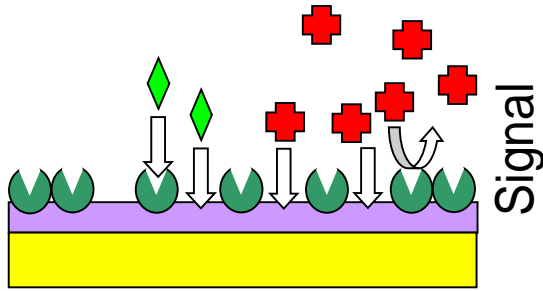
Functionalization layer



Best case




Realistic case

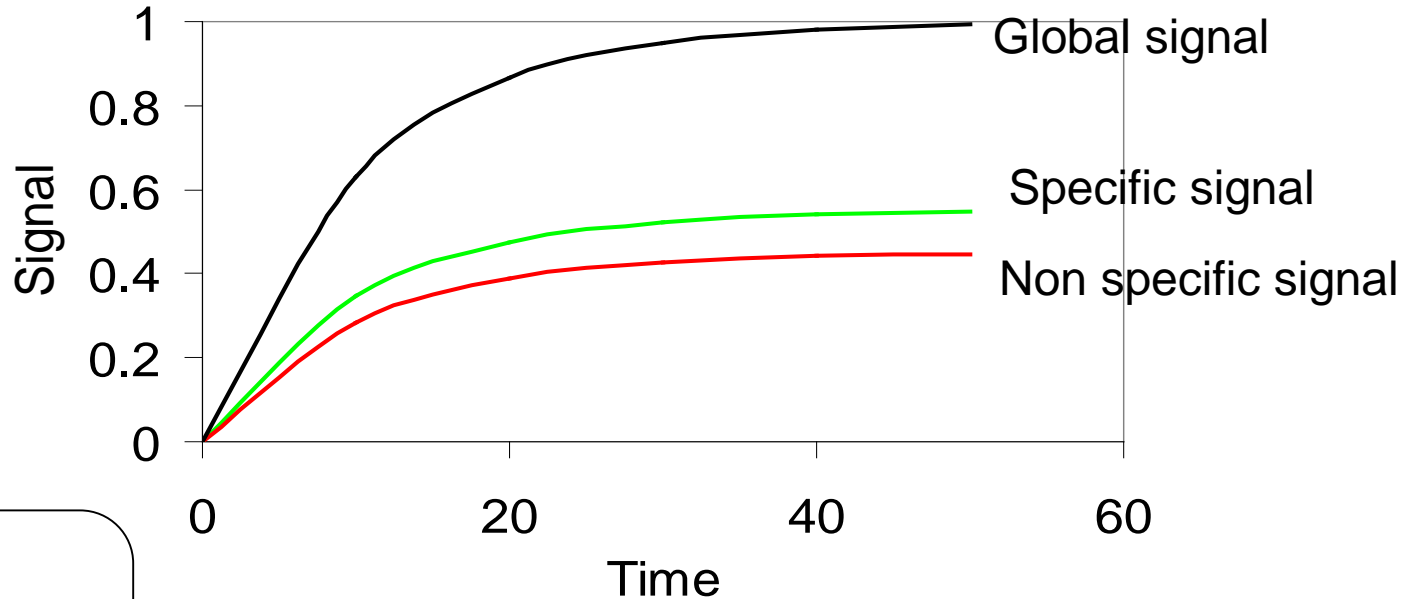


probe 

target 

Interfering molecule 

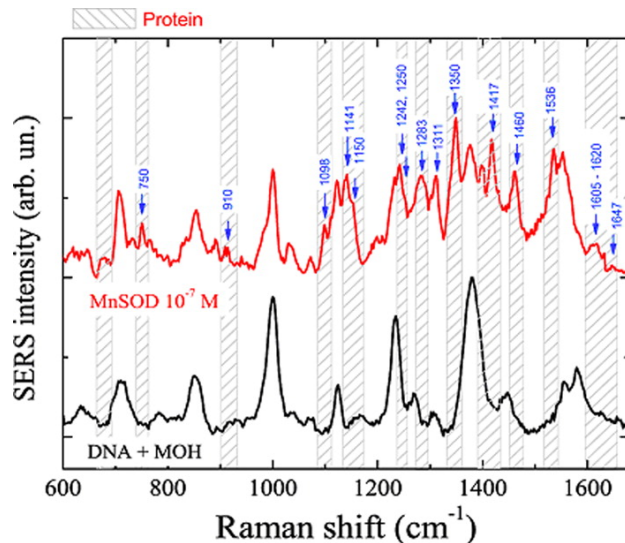
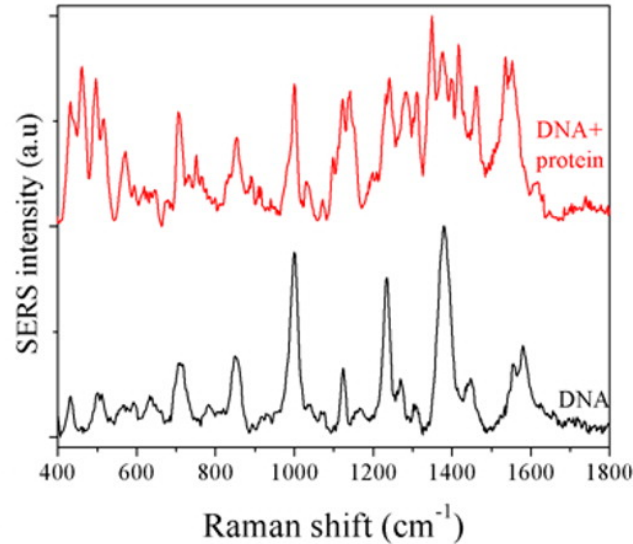
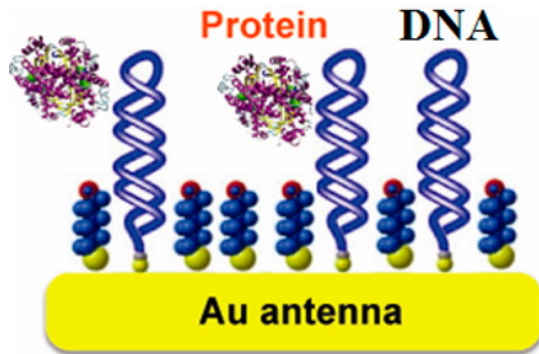
Functionalization layer 



Targets are usually less concentrated than interfering species

Targets may have different properties compared to interfering species (eg : mass is important for SPR analysis)

SERS as a transduction method : how to get the targets close to the nano-antennas ?



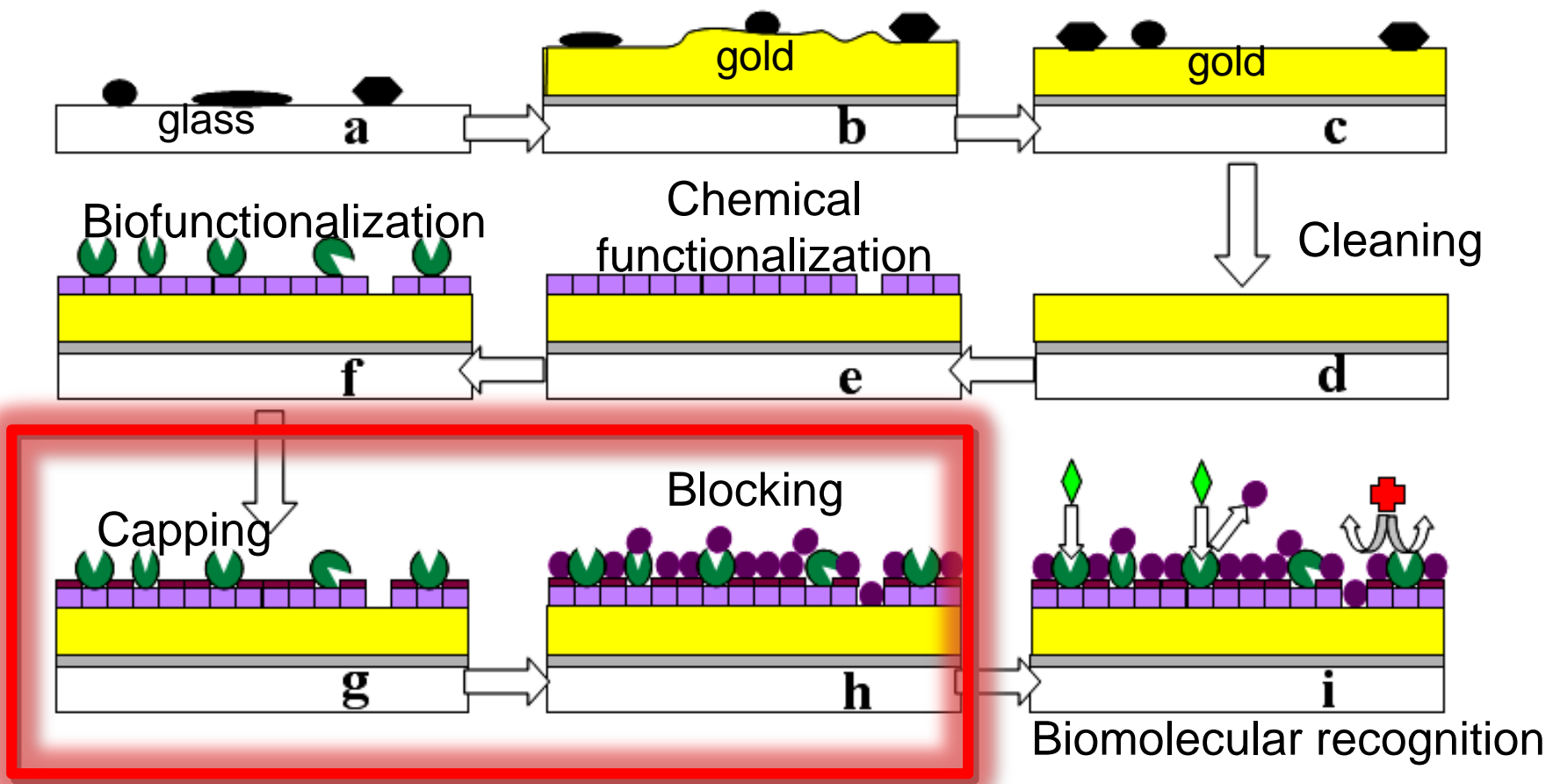
Minimize the immobilization layer
Use « small » biomolecular probes

Examples :
thiolated DNA aptamers
ScFv antibody fragments

Outline

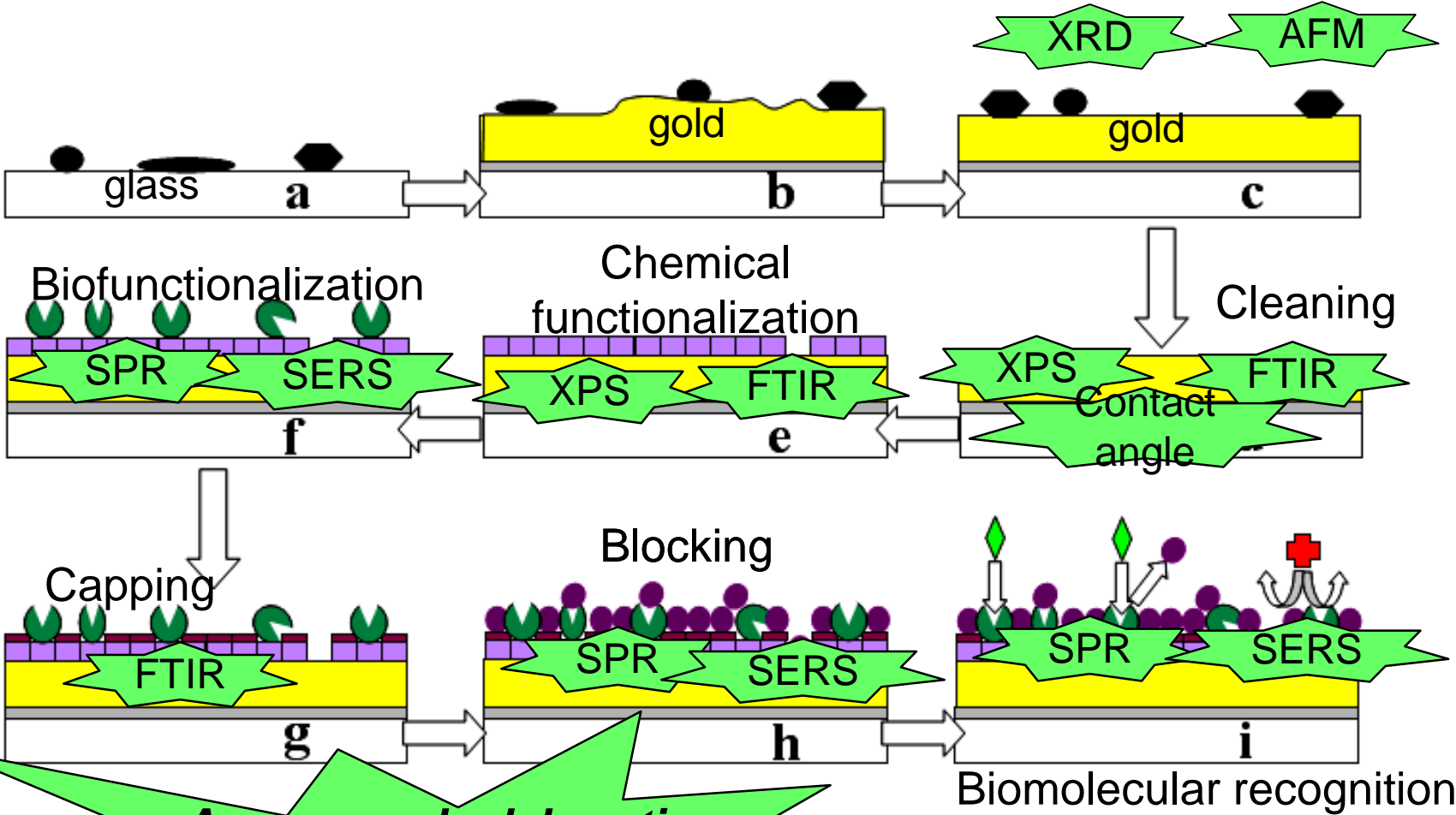
- From transduction to biosensing...
- How surface functionalization influences your biosensor measurements
- **Classical gold functionalization**
 - Homogeneous thiolate SAMs : how it can dysfunction. Gold cleaning, gold oxydation, metal defects, ...
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An example of classical steps for functionalization : the case for a glass/gold/thiols SPR biosensor



- Surface pollutants
- Molecule for chemical functionalization
- Biologically active probe
- Blocking molecule
- Target
- Interfering molecule
- Capping molecule

Elaboration has to be characterized



Assess each elaboration step with adapted characterization tools

- Capping molecule
- Blocking molecule
- ◆ Target
- ⊕ Interfering molecule

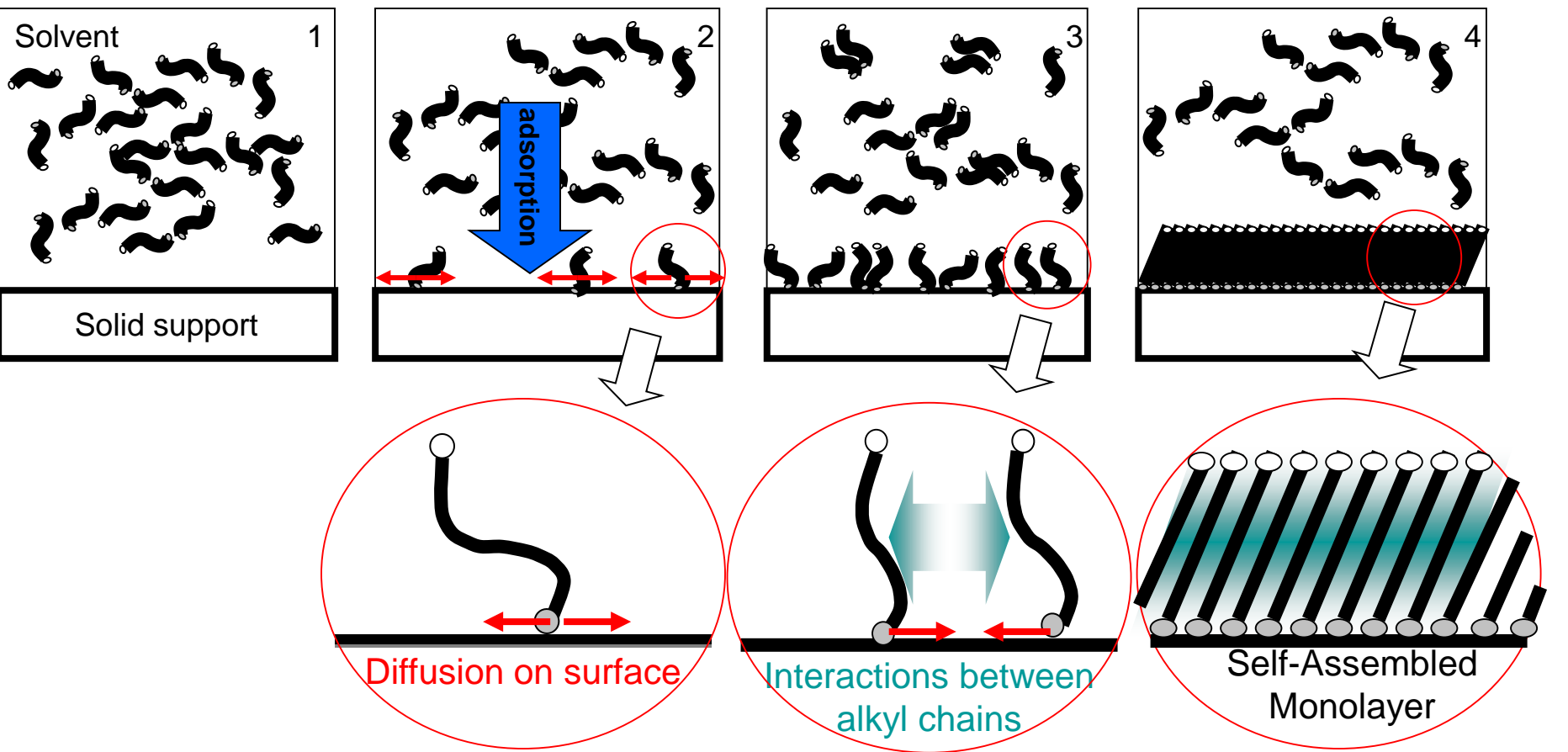
Surface characterization tools : example @ INL

| Technique | Chemical information | Lateral resolution | Other limitations |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| PM-IRRAS | YES | mm | Only on metal |
| XPS | YES | μm | Availability |
| ToF-SIMS | YES | μm | Availability |
| Fluorescence scan | NO | μm | Only on dielectric |
| SEM | NO | nm | - |
| AFM | NO | nm | Scan area $\leq 50 \times 50\mu\text{m}$ |

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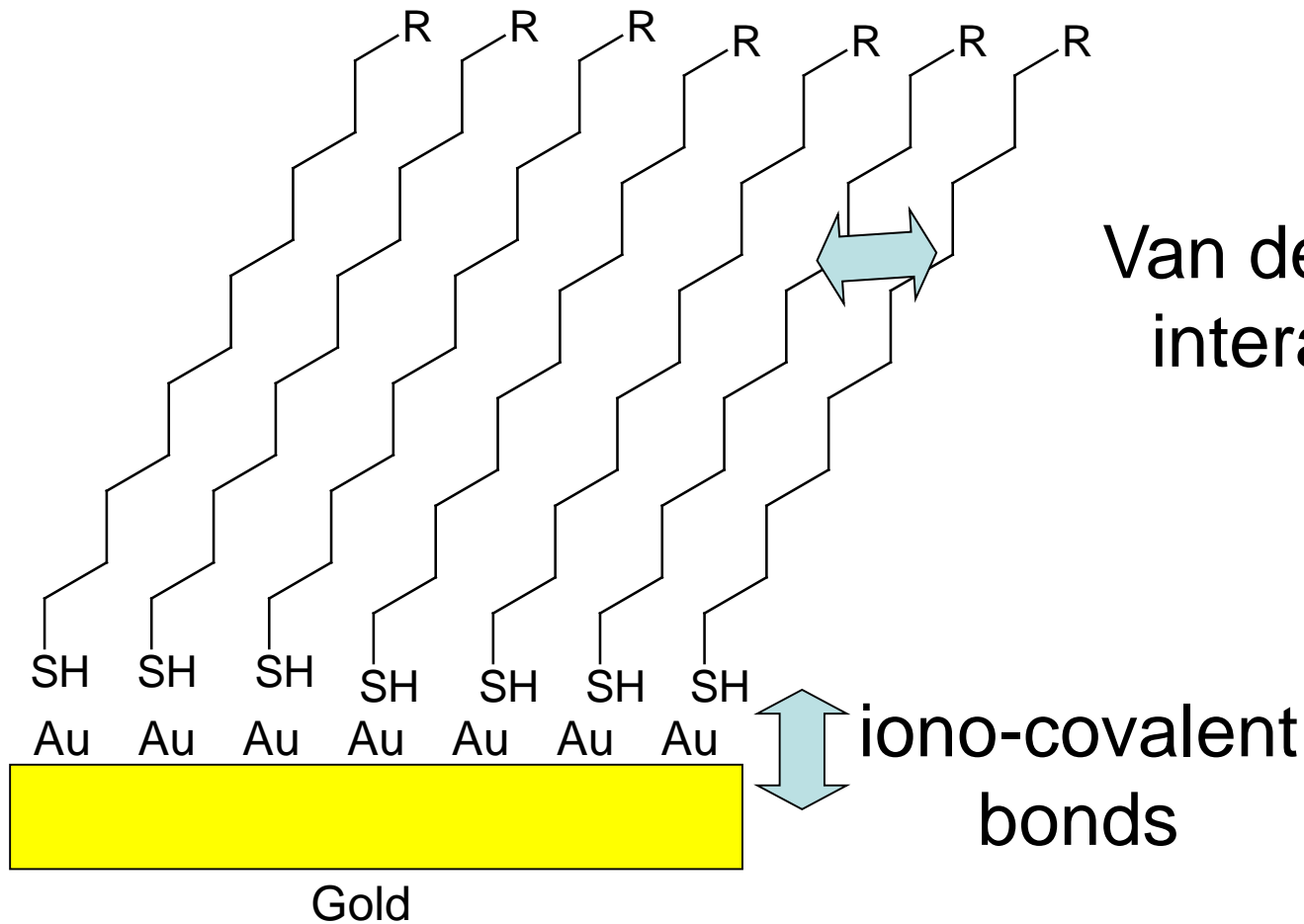
Self-Assembled Monolayers (SAM) : general mechanism of formation



Self-Assembled Monolayers

Alkylthiols

Self-assembled monolayer (SAM)



SAMS defects : example of alkylthiols on gold supports

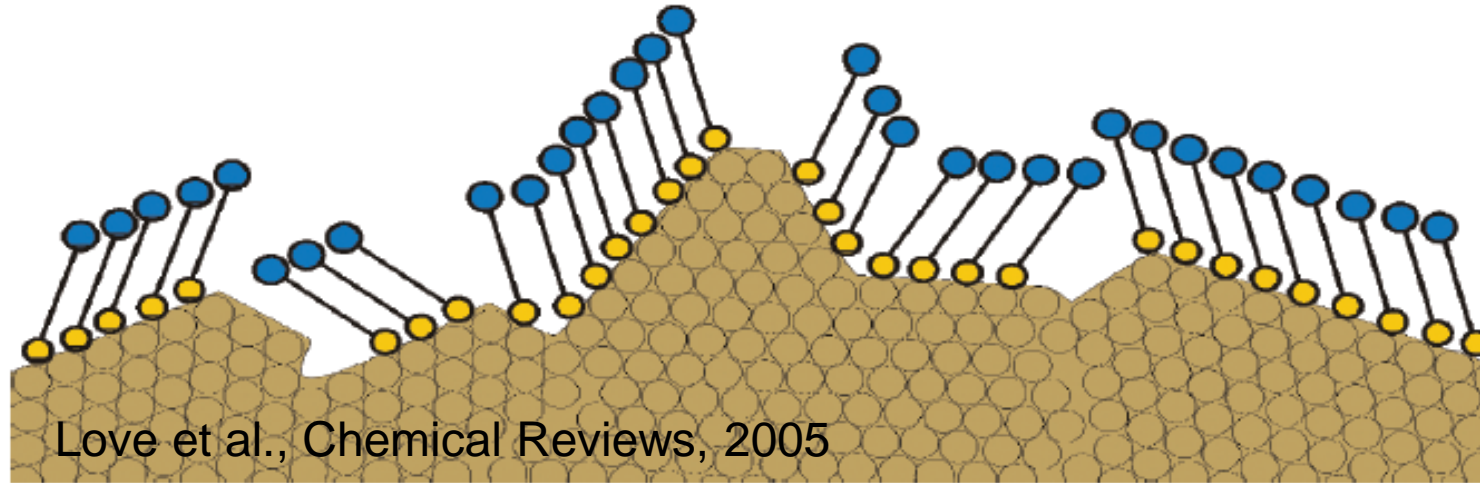
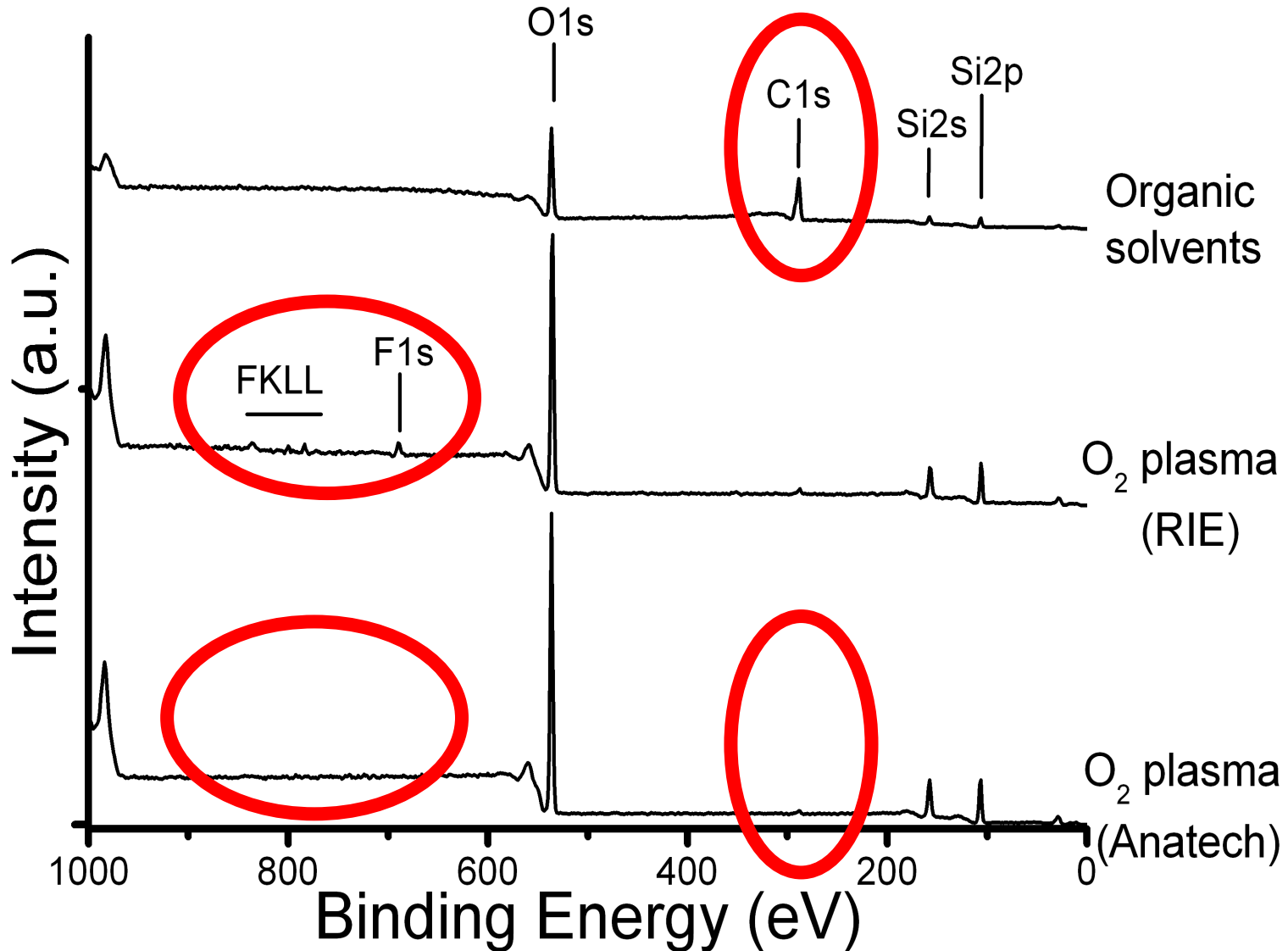


Figure 6.11 Schematic illustration of possible defects of SAMs adsorbed on a molecular scale “nanorough” gold surface. Such defects can cause local non-specific interactions.

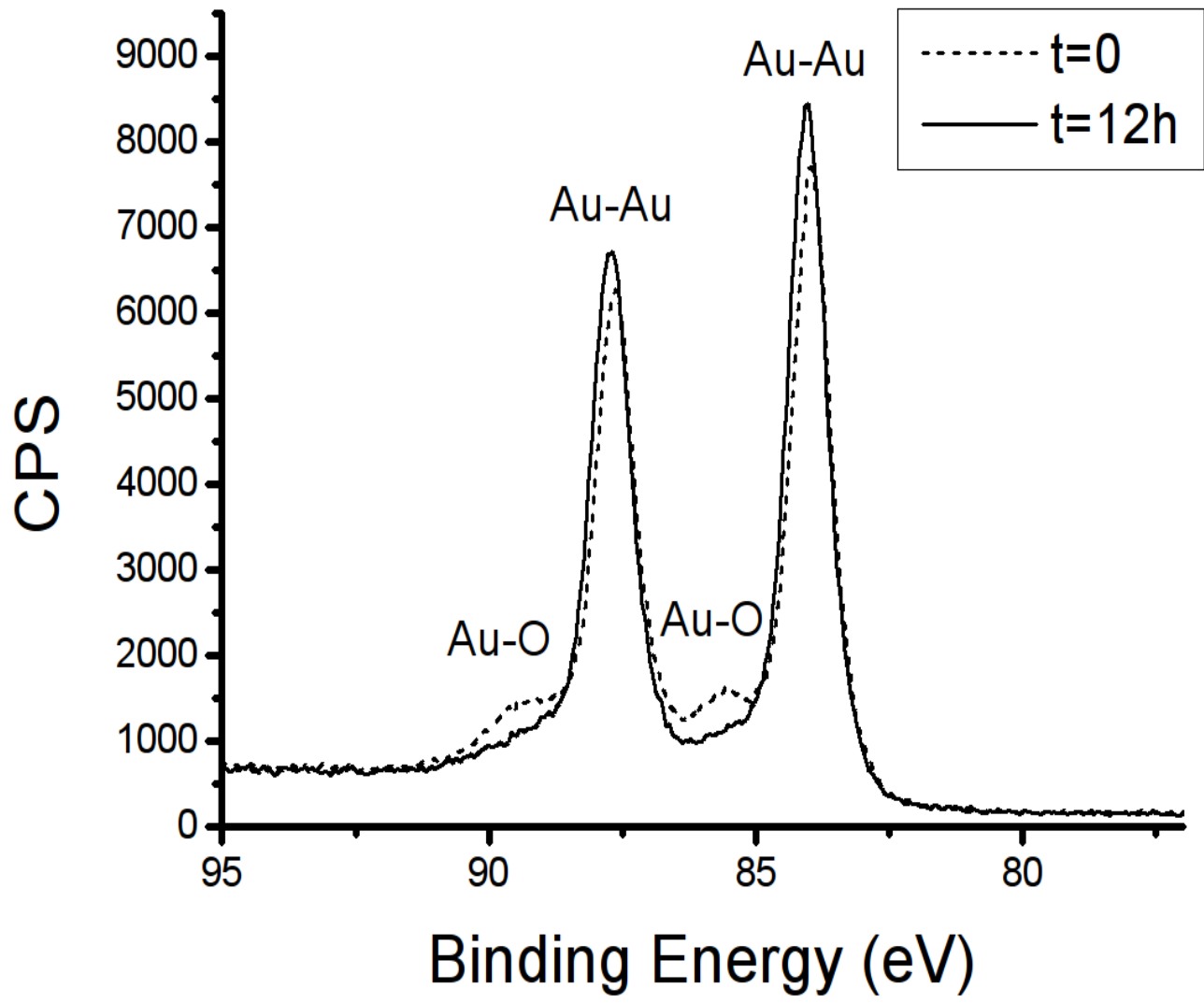
The quality of metal surface just before SAM formation is of primary importance

Importance of surface cleaning



*. G. Grenet, C. Botella, D. Ferrah

Cleaning can have side effects



† G. Grenet, C. Botella, D. Ferrah

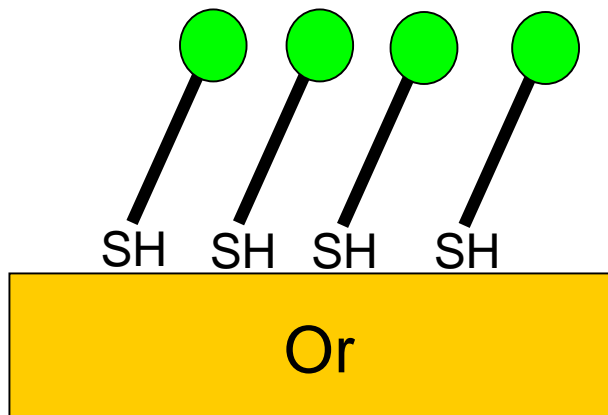
Results : Wait for gold de-oxidation after plasma cleaning †

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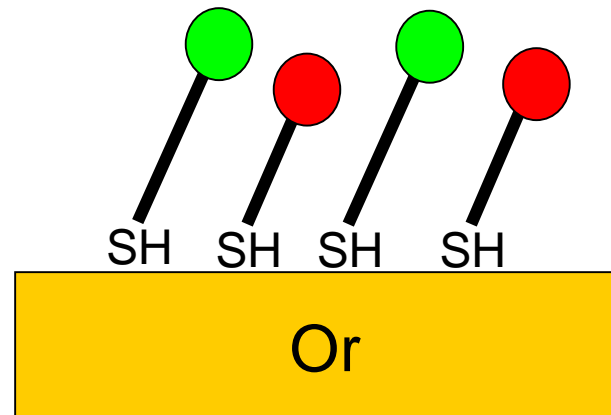
Fonctionnalisation chimique de surfaces

Fonctionnalisation de surfaces homogènes avec **SAM homogènes**



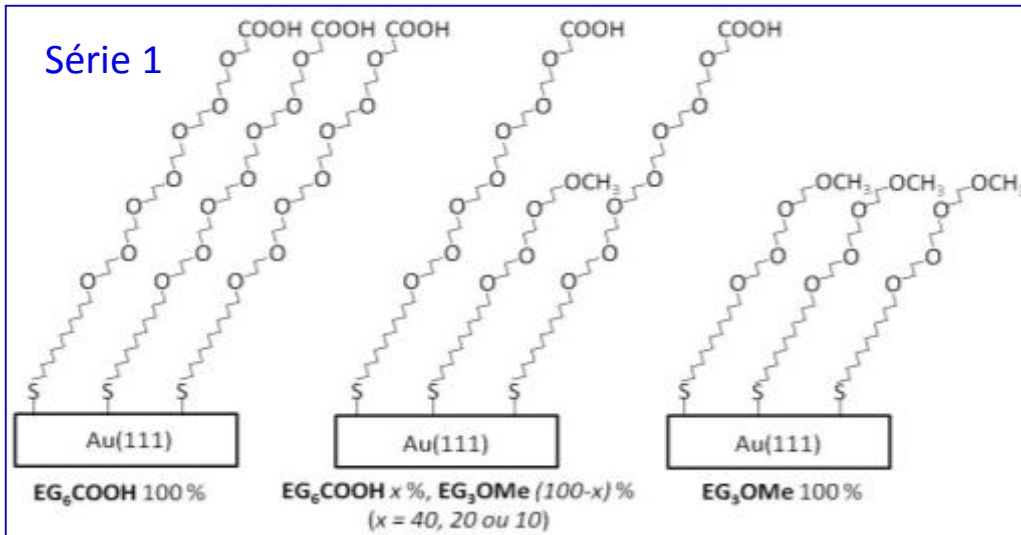
Fonctionnalisation de surfaces homogènes avec **SAM mixtes**

2 thiols différents mélangés sur une même surface d'or

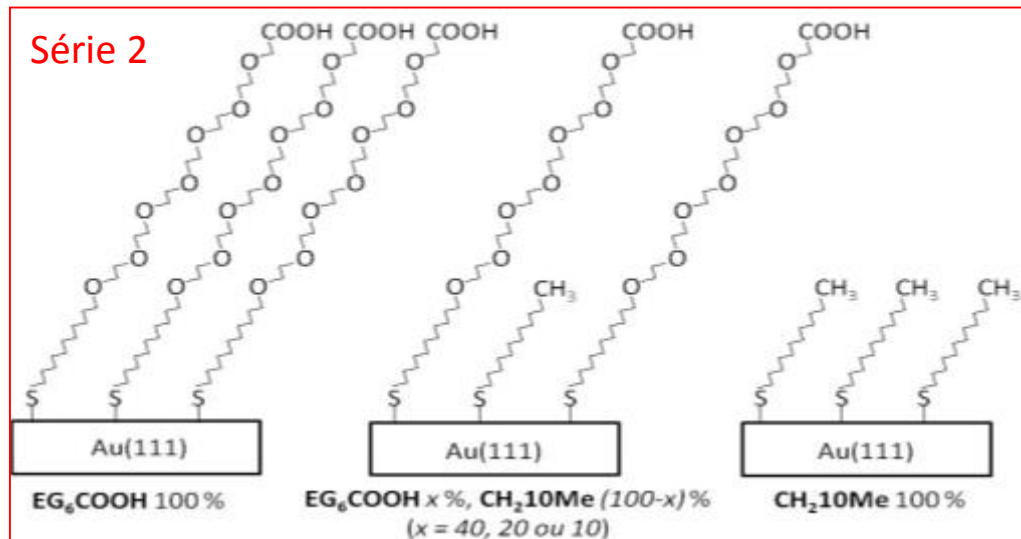


Mixed SAMs chemical functionalization

Série 1



Série 2



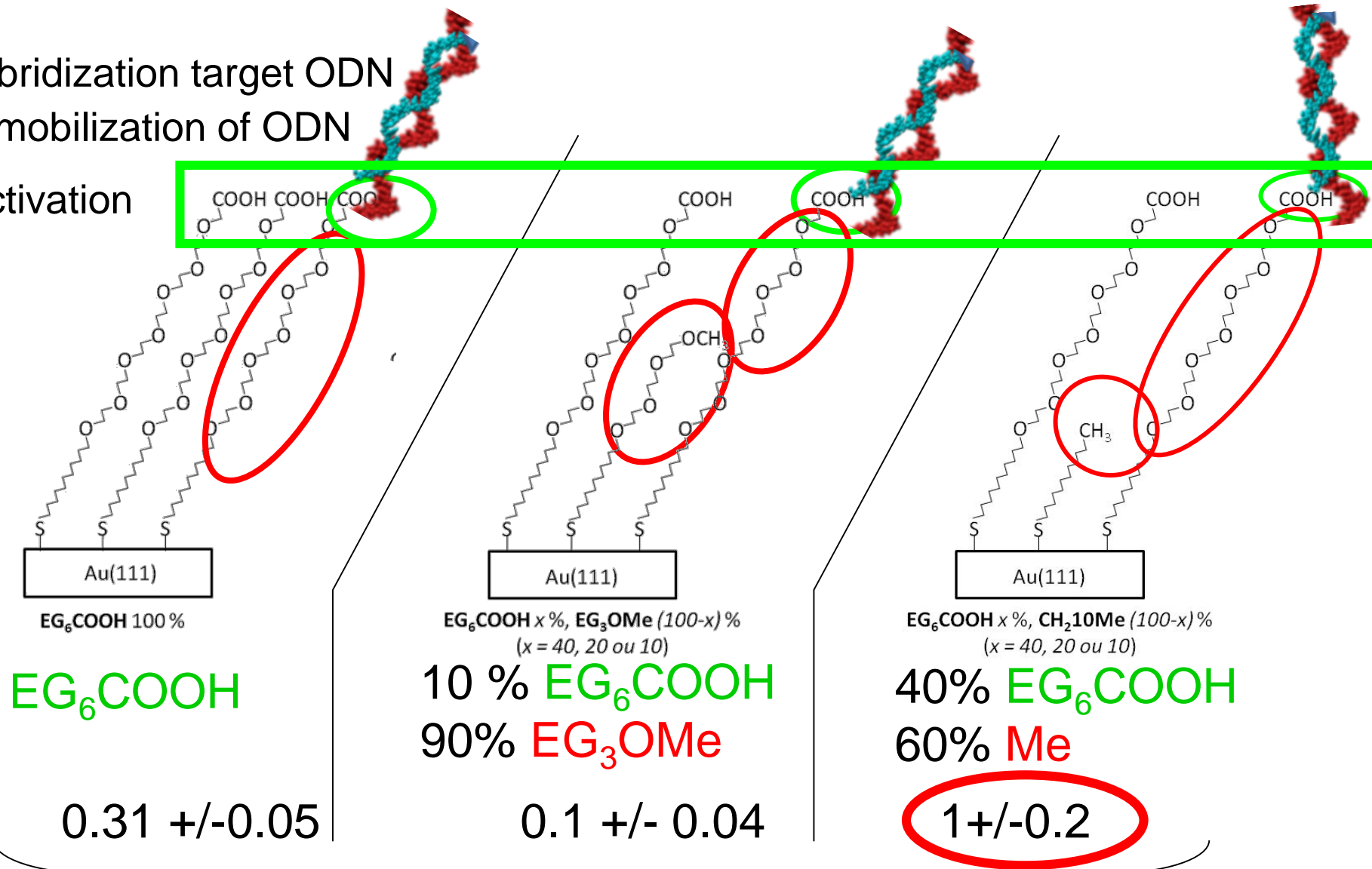
Refer to work of
Claire-Marie Pradier's
group, Laboratoire de
Réactivité des
Surfaces, Paris

Functionalization of gold with mixed SAMs : example

Hybridization target ODN

Immobilization of ODN

Activation



SPR : averaged shift on Wild type spots (%)

Outline

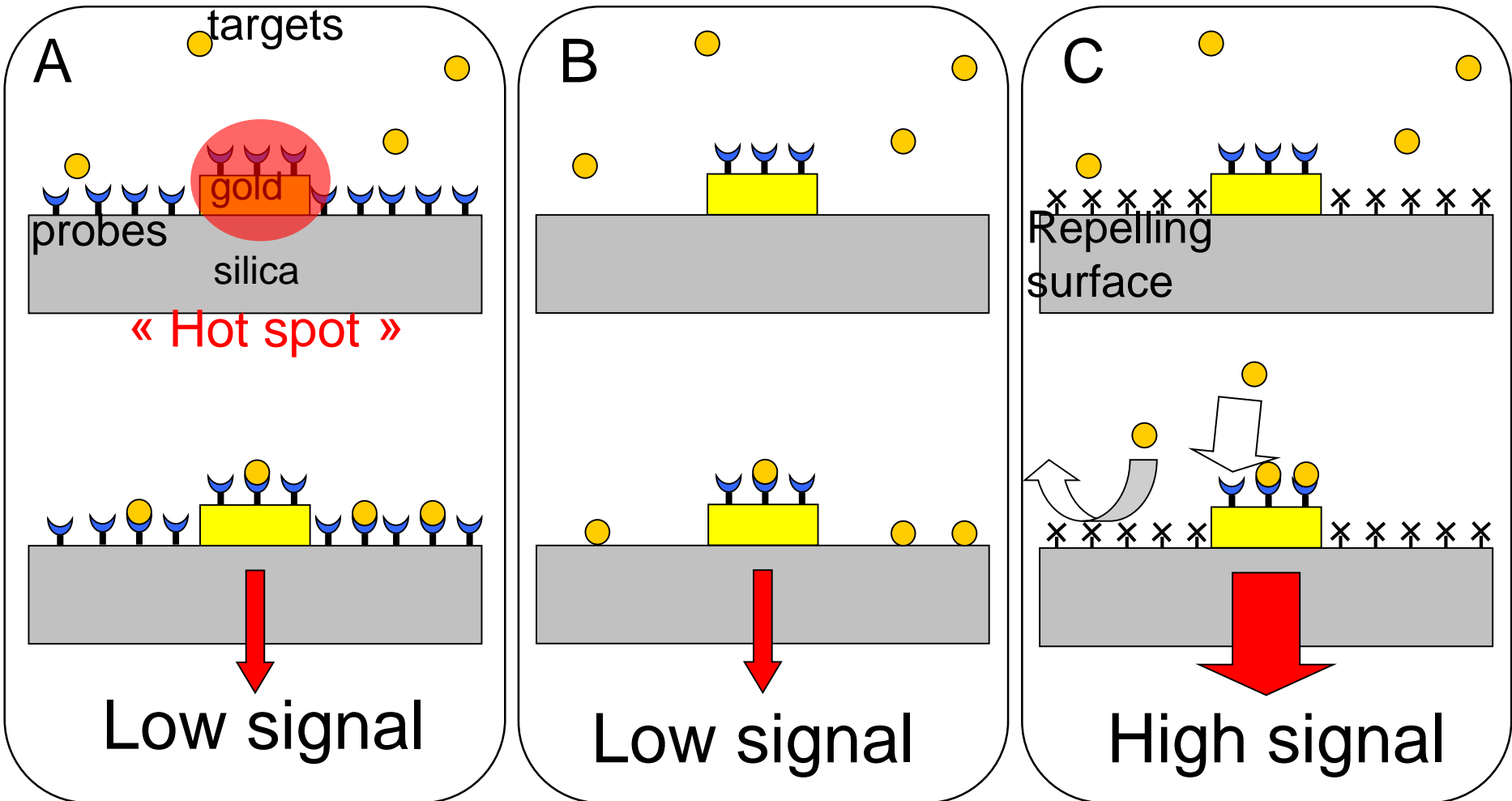
- How surface functionalization influences your biosensor measurements ?
 - Sensors analytical performances...
 - ...and how bioreceptor elaboration can influence it
 - From molecular interaction to non specific interactions

- Classical approaches
 - Homogeneous thiolate SAMs : how it can dysfunction. Gold cleaning, gold oxydation, metal defects, ...
 - Capping, blocking
 - Mixed SAMs

• Selective functionalization of multiple materials

Selective surface functionalization

Example of Localized Surface Plasmon Resonance sensor

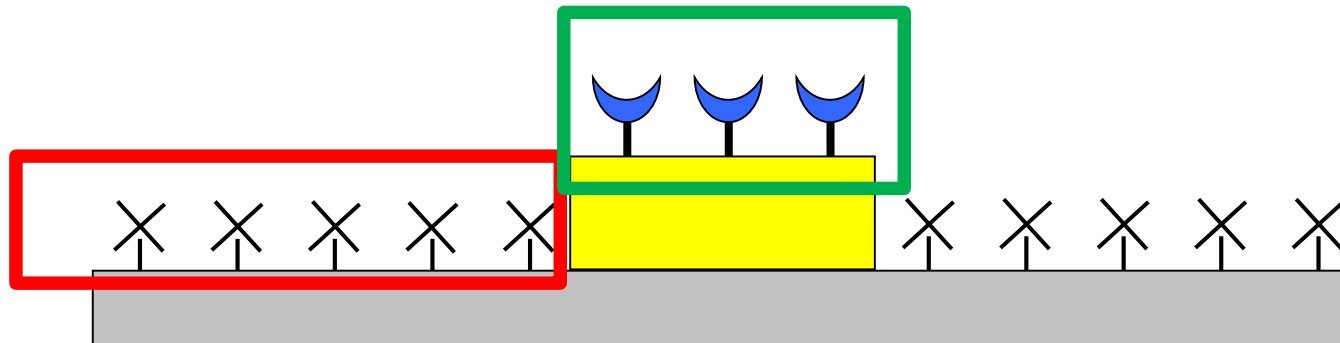


Managing complexity...

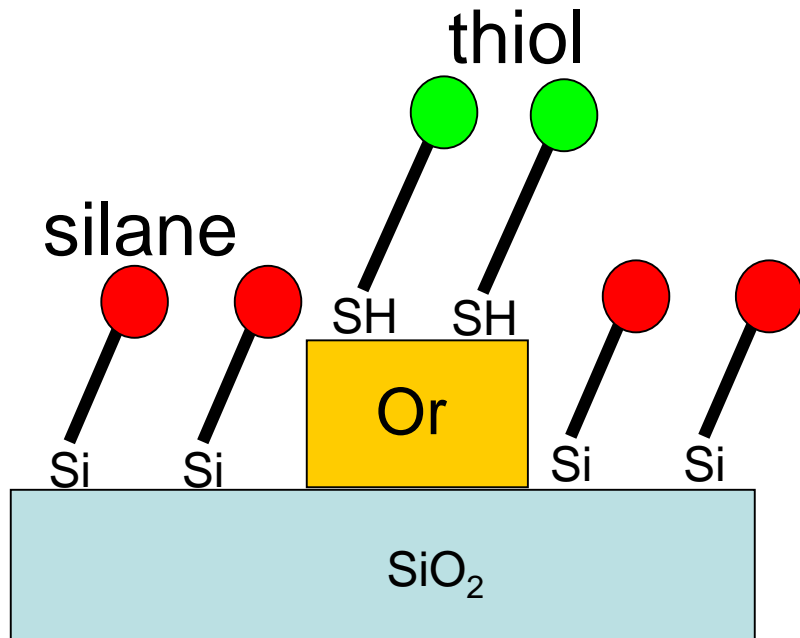
When possible, use materials with intrinsic adapted surface properties (e.g. electric charge)

If necessary, use surface functionalization steps

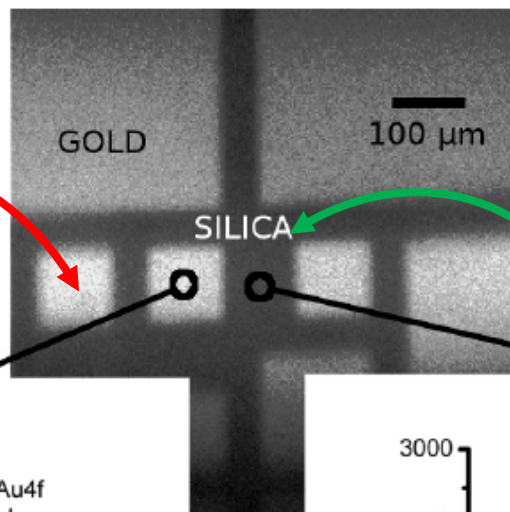
Goal : use simultaneous, surface specific functionalization reactions



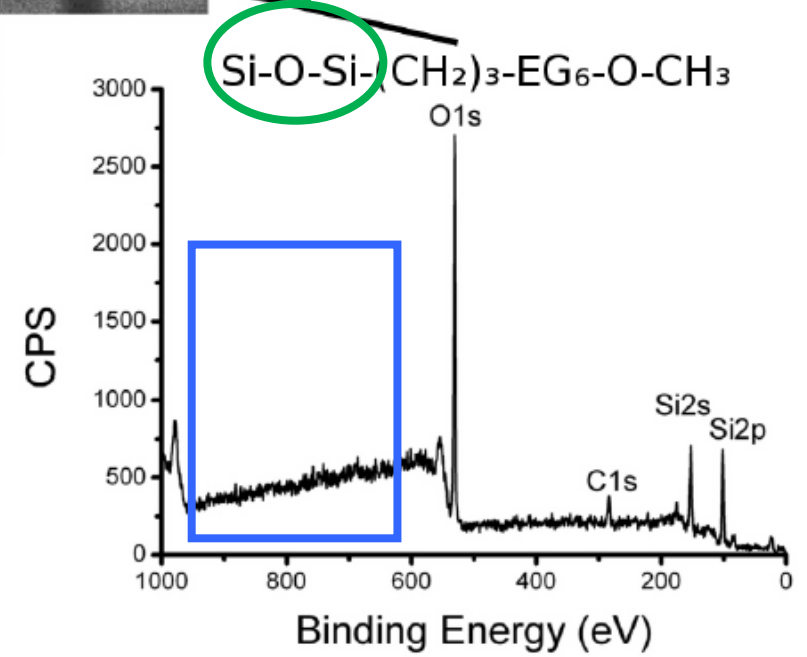
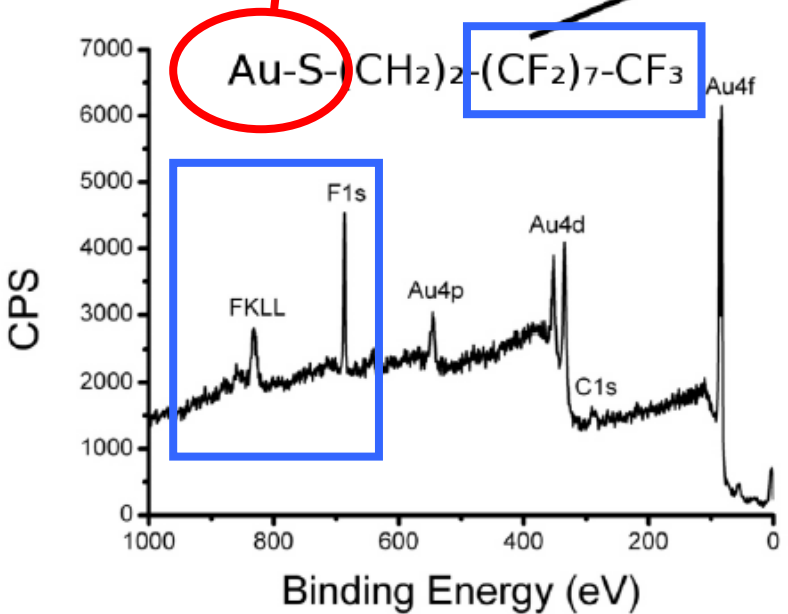
Selective functionalization of mixed surfaces



Orthogonal functionalization of bi-structured substrates

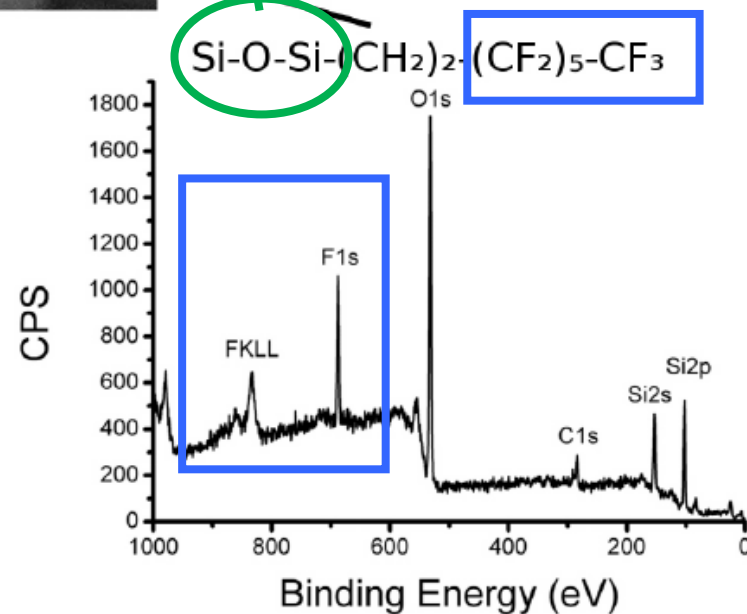
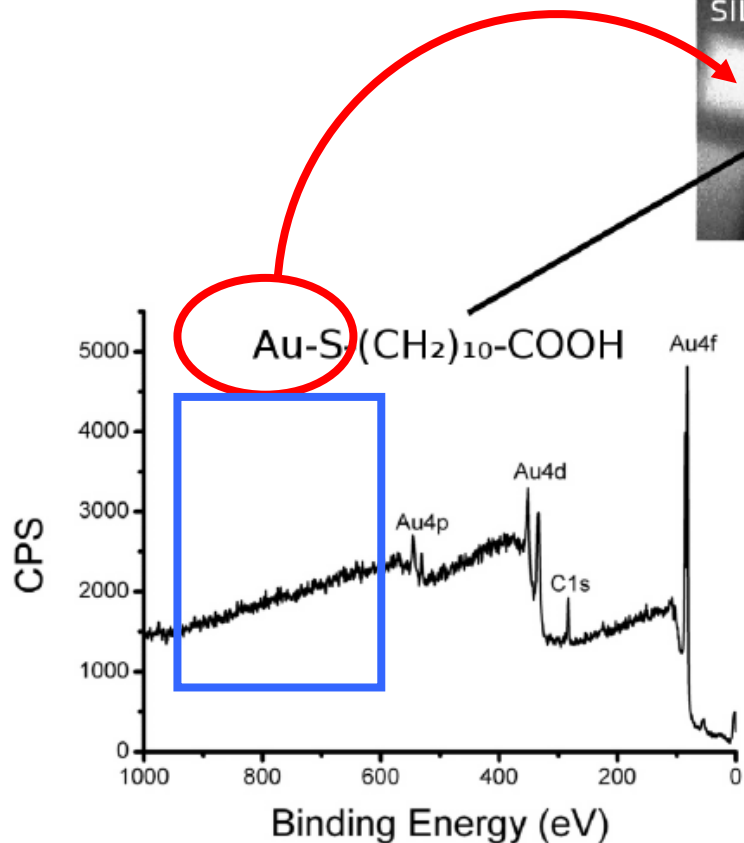
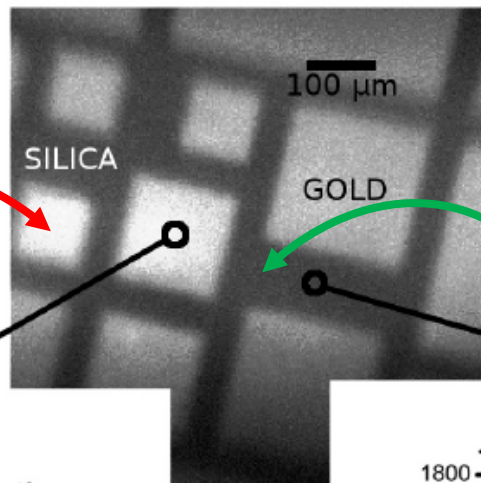


White zones : gold
Dark zones : SiO₂

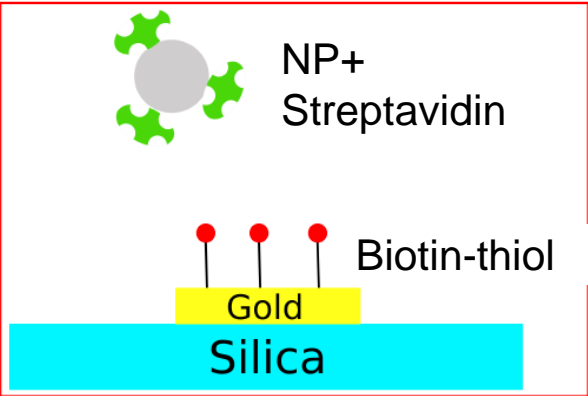


Orthogonal functionalization of bi-structured substrates

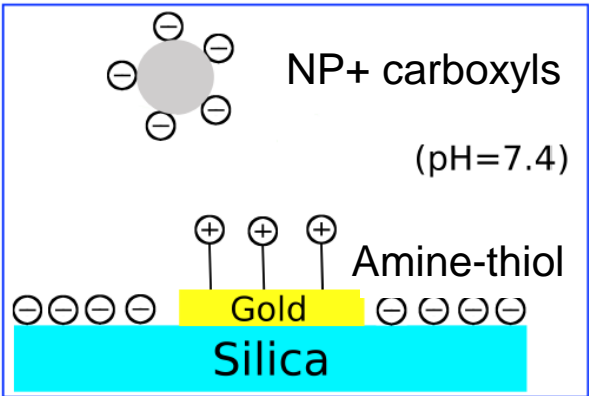
White zones : gold
Dark zones : SiO₂



Specific capture of microparticles on bi-structured substrate



Biotin-streptavidin affinity

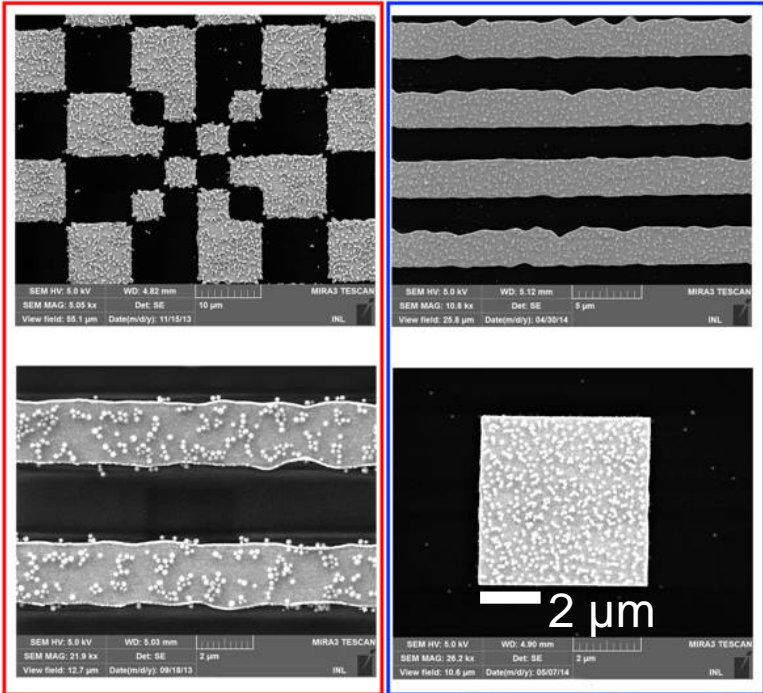


Electrostatic interactions

Nanoparticles captured on micronic size zones

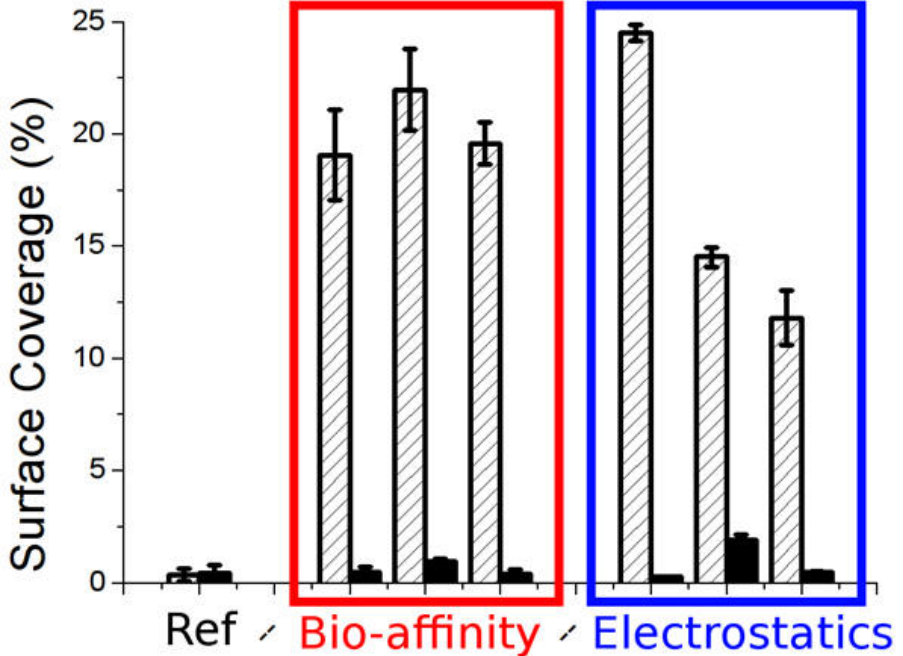
Gold (hatched box)

Silica (black box)



Bio-affinity

Electrostatics

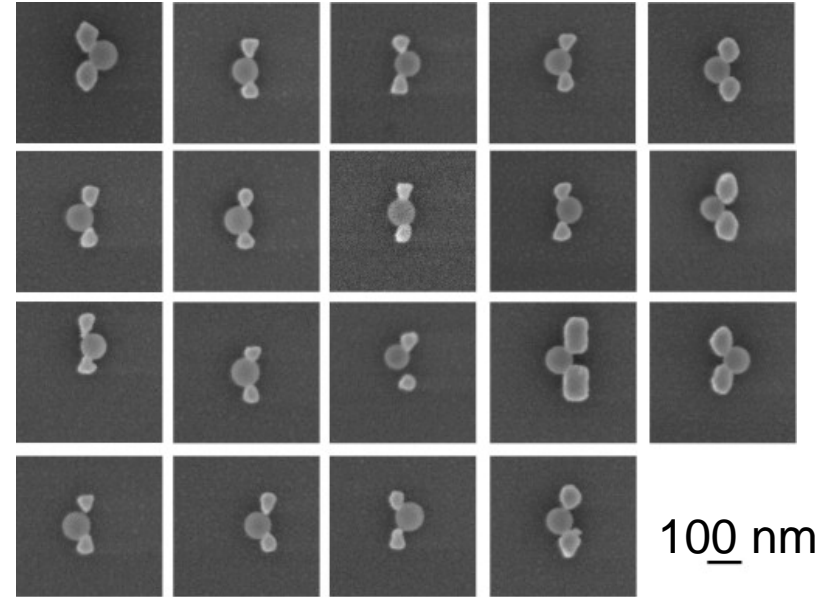
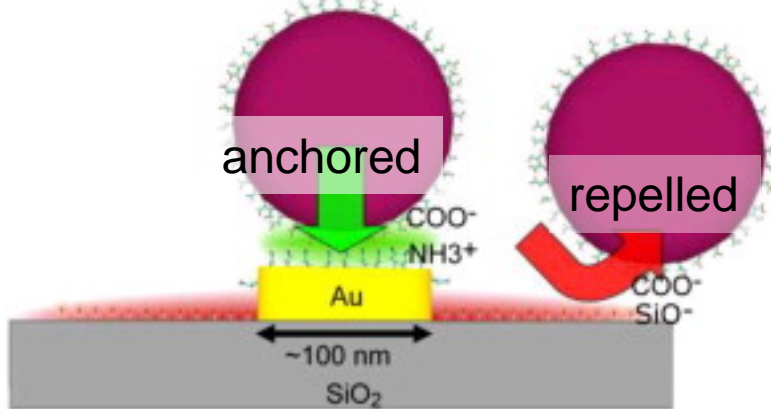


Interaction of bi-structured support with nanoparticles

Matrix of nano-antenna (NA) on SiO₂ support

1000 fabricated nano-antennas
109 inspected by SEM

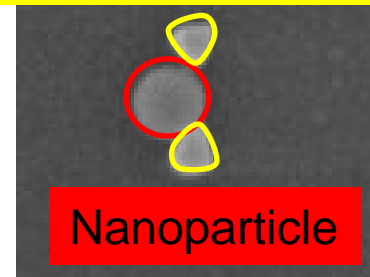
Carboxy-latex NanoParticles (NP)



Capture of nanoparticles on nanoantennas

Very low non specific adsorption

Gold dimer nanoantenna



~70 % of NA have captures a NP
Only 0.2 NP per μm^2 of SiO₂

Palazon et al., *Journal of Colloid and Interface Science* 447 (2015) 152–158

Project funded by



Project Piranex

Rhône-Alpes Région **Project Coopera**

project Piranex

S. Ansanay-Alex, Y. Chevolot,
E. Laurenceau, F. Palazon, T. Géhin,
E. Souteyrand...



Surface
functionalizations

J-F. Bryche, G. Barbillon, B. Bartenlian,



Nanofabrication

R. Gillibert, R. Yasukuni,
M. Lamy de Lachapelle,



SERS
measurements

E. Maillart, A. Olivero



Instrumentation

A. Olivero, J.F. Bryche, M. Sarkar, M.
Besbes, J. Moreau and M. Canva



Modelling &
SPR imaging

Merci de votre attention

